Introduction/Motivation

- Trade and foreign direct investment are of high importance to state economies
- Averages 17% contribution to state GDP
- Ranges from 5% to 39%
- State trade offices are established in effort to strengthen international trade and investment relationships

Method

Utilized OLS regression to analyze relationship between established state trade offices and trade/jobs supported/greenfield investment projects at state and national level

Data Sources

- SelectUSA 2019 state FDI reports
 - Details jobs supported, greenfield investment projects, and largest industries
- U.S. Census 2019 state level trade data Details value of imports and exports
- Council of State Governments 2015 report
 - Details state overseas trade offices
- American Enterprise Institute 2017 state trade shares of GDP
- Lowy Institute Global Diplomacy Index 2017
- Centre d'Etudes Prospectives et d'Informations Internationales Gravity Dataset 2015

U.S. State Trade Office Association with International Trade and Foreign Direct Investment

Skylar Lowe

Research Question

Are state trade offices associated with greater levels of trade, jobs supported, or greenfield investment projects?

Regression Result for Percentage National Level	e of U.S. Trade with a S	pecific Country -	
Explanatory Variables	(1)	(2)	(3)
Number of Trade Offices in Country	0.413*** (<0.001)		
Number of Diplomacy Offices		0.830*** (<0.001)	
Percentage Share of World Trade for Specific Country			0.961*** (<0.001)
Distance (Population Weighted)	-5.31e^-5* (0.018)	-7.25e^-5** (<0.001)	-7.65e^-5** (0.009)
Common Language Spoken	6.78e^-3 (0.965)	5.27e^-2 (0.784)	0.311 (0.127)
Population	5.59e^-4 (0.369)	2.86e^-3** (<0.001)	5.24e^-4 (0.559)
Constant	0.580* (0.019)	-4.64e^-2 (0.886)	0.614 (0.060)
Observations	186	186	186
Adjusted R-squared	0.73	0.58	0.54
(1) Regression Results for Numb Investment Projects Per Capita -		er Capita and (2) Number	of Greenfield
Explanatory Variables	(1)	(2)	
Number of Trade Offices	-6.03e^-5 (0.818)	-7.74e^-8 (0.910)	
Coast Distinction	2.64e^-3 (0.223)	1.48e^-5* (0.011)	
U.S. State Trade as Percentage Share of U.S. State GDP	3.15e^-2* (0.014)	9.28e^-5** (0.006)	
Constant	1.54e^-2*** (<0.001)	1.77e^-5* (0.011)	
Observations	50	50	
Adjusted R-squared	0.11	0.24	
Regression Result for State Expo	orts Per Capita to Mexic	o - State Level	
Explanatory Variables			
Trade Office in Mexico	324.87* (0.039)		
Coast Distinction	11.25 (0.943)		
U.S. State Trade as Percentage Share of U.S. State GDP	3036.11** (0.001)		
Constant	-201.91 (0.281)		
Observations	50		
Adjusted R-squared	0.23		

Results

- Not able to conclude that the addition of a trade office results in strengthened international relationships in the years following its establishment
- Lack data detailing number of trade offices and foreign direct investment for each state over time
- Lack data detailing the size/ability of trade offices

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Conclusion

At state level: established state trade offices are not associated with higher levels of trade, jobs supported, or greenfield investment projects – across states and countries • At national level: strong relationship between number of trade offices and trade with country of established offices • Exports to Mexico: significant positive relationship with established trade office

Limitations

Contact Information

